**Czas Present Perfect**

**1 Uzupełnij zdania wyrażeniami z tabelki.**

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ever | yet |  just |  already | for | since | ~~never~~ |

0 *I have* ***never*** *seen anything like this before.*

1. She’s been working in the garden \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 9 o’clock.
2. I haven’t spoken to him\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .
3. We haven’t played basketball \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ years.
4. Have you\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ been to New York?
5. Good timing! I’ve \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ finished my homework and I can go now.
6. I’ve \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_told you the answer. You weren’t listening!

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| --- | --- |
| **Żywienie** |  |

**1 Które słowo w każdej grupie nie pasuje do pozostałych?**

*bacon*

**3 Uzupełnij każdą lukę w tekście jednym wyrazem z ramki. W ramce są cztery dodatkowe wyrazy.**

***0*** *butter cheese*

*egg*

1. pork cod sausage beef

portion can ~~bottle~~ carton jar course bunch pinch loaf bar

1. avocado sardine tuna herring
2. muesli celery noodles rice
3. peach plum pear parsley
4. aubergine vinegar radish maize

**2 Zakreśl poprawną opcję.**

The meal was absolutely delicious. The chips were

0 ***crunchy/fatty/stale*** and the fish was 1 ***raw/fresh/smelly***. The meat was lovely and 2 ***overcooked/juicy/dry***.

I couldn’t eat it all, so I asked if I could take the 3 ***leftovers/ ingredients/recipe*** home for breakfast. My friend, who is usually a 4 ***thirsty/tasty/fussy*** eater, also enjoyed the meal. We would definitely recommend this restaurant, but not if you are 5 ***keeping/watching/losing*** your weight!

I was planning an all-night film session and I didn’t want to have to get up from the sofa for food. So, on the table in front of me, I had a 0 **bottle** of cola, half a 1 of bread, some butter, a 2 of strawberry jam and a knife to spread it with. There was also a big 3 of grapes and a giant sized 4 of chocolate.

Finally, to start my evening’s food, there was a 5 of chips from the local takeaway with salt and vinegar on them. I know it wasn’t very healthy and I don’t usually eat like that but it’s nice to have a ‘treat’ once in a while.

**4 Uzupełnij każdą lukę tylko jednym wyrazem.**

***0*** *The* **buffet** *car on the train was packed.*

1. I’ll have soup for my **s** .
2. The **s** in this restaurant is really slow.
3. Are you ready to **o** yet?
4. The lasagna is the chef’s **s** . It’s delicious.
5. You should cook a lot of dumplings for tonight’s meal. Paul’s got a very good **a** !

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| **Zakupy i usługi** |  |

**1 Połącz rzeczy z listy zakupów (1–5) ze sklepami (A–J). Podano cztery dodatkowe sklepy.**

***0*** *a new shirt* **A** a baker’s

1. some pork **B** an antique shop
2. a packet of aspirins **C** a hardware shop
3. a loaf of bread ***D*** *a boutique*
4. a bunch of roses **E** an off-licence
5. a new sofa **F** a jeweller’s
	1. a furniture shop
	2. a butcher’s
	3. a florist’s
	4. a pharmacy

**3 Uzupełnij wyrazy. Każda kreska odpowiada jednej literze.**

Hi Kate,

I’ve just got back from the shopping centre. I found a great

0 **o u t f i t** to wear for my job interview. Luckily, I tried it

1 \_ \_ in the changing room before I bought it because the first one I tried was 2 \_ \_ \_ tight. I found another one in my

3 \_ \_ \_ \_. It 4 \_ \_ \_ \_ a bomb but I paid by credit

5 \_ \_ \_ \_.

Now I’m broke until pay day – if I get the job! See you,

Madeline

**2 Uzupełnij wyrazy. Pierwsze litery wyrazów zostały podane.**

The new retail 0 **park** has got everything you need. I like the supermarket. They’ve got self-service 1 **c** which are quicker than going to the 2 **c** . There are always long 3 **q** at the normal

4 **t** . I think people are still a bit scared of doing everything themselves. Not me. I hate standing in 5 **l** to be served.

**4 Wybierz poprawną opcję: A, B lub C.**

***0*** *This fish is past it’s sell-by*

***A*** *date* ***B*** *time* ***C*** *offer*

1. You can’t change this sweater unless you’ve got the .

**A** receipt **B** refund **C** replacement

1. You should that shirt - it’s torn.

**A** try, on **B** take, back **C** pick, up

1. I want to do my shopping online but the website keeps .

**A** scratching **B** cracking **C** crashing

1. You don’t need these expensive trainers. Don’t give in to peer .

**A** campaigns **B** pressure **C** offers

1. Buy a car in January and get a bargain on last year’s .

**A** models **B** brands **C** labels

|  |  |
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| **Podróżowanie i turystyka** |  |

**1 Uzupełnij zdania właściwymi przyimkami.**

***0*** *We have to get* **off** *the bus at the next stop.*

1. What time do we arrive the station?
2. Oh no! We’ve run of petrol.
3. I thought we’d run an animal but it was only a tree branch.
4. We don’t need the car. We can get to the cinema

 foot.

1. We’ll check our hotel and get changed and then find a restaurant.
2. **Uzupełnij słowa. Każda kreska odpowiada jednej literze.**

I went on a 0 **p a c k a g e** holiday with my parents. We stayed in a huge hotel in a seaside 1 r \_ \_ o \_ \_.

 It wasn’t the nicest town. It was full of tacky 2 s \_ \_ v \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

 shops. We did a lot of 3 \_ \_ g \_ t \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ g and my mum took a lot of photos.

We also went on an 4 \_ \_ \_ \_ r \_ \_ o \_ to the ruins of an old castle, which was organized by the hotel.

It was quite interesting but after a few days, I needed some peace and quiet. I bought a map and spent a couple of days walking along the 5 c \_ \_ s \_ \_ \_ p \_ \_ h.

 It was very beautiful and almost completely deserted.

1. **Połącz początki zdań (1–5) z zakończeniami (A–J). Podano cztery dodatkowe zakończenia.**

***0*** *It’s time to board* **A** a lift.

1. We’re stuck in **B** lost.
2. Make sure you fasten **C** the tent.
3. Let’s give that hitchhiker **S** our flight.
4. Let me show you ***E*** *the ferry.*
5. I’m finding it difficult to put up **F** your seatbelts.

**G** the way. **H** online. **I** priority.

**J** a traffic jam.

**4 Uzupełnij każdą lukę w tekście jednym wyrazem z ramki. W ramce są cztery dodatkowe wyrazy.**

delayed screening reclaim arrival ~~station~~ boarding departure terminal travel destination

**Why use trains instead of planes?**

For one thing, the railway 0 **station** is much easier to get to than the airport. To 1 by train, you need to get to the ticket office about ten minutes before your train leaves. You need to get to the airport hours before 2 and you have to buy your ticket even earlier. Then there are the security checks –

taking your shoes off and opening all your bags. Planes are often 3 , too. Especially in bad weather. Finally, when you reach your 4 , you have to wait another hour at the baggage 5 area – that is as long as your bags haven’t been sent to Tokyo by mistake!

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| **Życie rodzinne i towarzyskie** |  |

**1 Uzupełnij każdą lukę jednym wyrazem z ramki. W ramce są cztery dodatkowe wyrazy.**

daughter-in-law

stepdaughter

orphan stepsister

only child

adopted child

half-sister ex-husband fiancé niece

**0** Ken was an **adopted child** . No-one knows who his real parents were.

1. My son got married last month. Luckily I get on very well with my new .
2. After our divorce, my and I started getting on much better.
3. My mum got remarried to a man with a daughter. It’s strange having a .
4. My mum has just had a baby with her new husband so I’ve now got a .
5. I’m happy being an but sometimes I wonder what it would be like to have a brother or sister.
6. **Uzupełnij wyrazy. Każda kreska odpowiada jednej literze.**

My mum gave 0 **b i r t h** to me on Christmas Day. It always upset me when I was young because I often only got one 1 p \_ \_ s \_ \_ \_ for both Christmas and my birthday.

As I reached 2 a \_ \_ l \_ \_ \_ \_ n \_ \_ I enjoyed it more. Talking about my birthday was a good way to break the ice when I met girls. Now that I’m 3\_ \_ d \_ l \_ - \_ g \_ \_,

I’m very happy about my date of birth. We always have a big family 4 g \_ \_ h \_ \_ \_ n \_ on Christmas Day but we don’t meet up to 5 c \_ \_ \_ b \_ \_ \_ e birthdays – at least I can pretend that everyone is there for mine!

1. **Połącz początki (1–5) z zakończeniami (A–J), żeby utworzyć poprawne zdania. Podano cztery dodatkowe zakończenia.**

***0*** *Shall we eat* **A** a nap?

1. When are you going to get **B** down?
2. Have you made your ***C*** *out tonight?*
3. Are you going to take **D** floor?
4. Who is going to prepare **E** off?
5. Do you want to lie **F** bed?
	1. room?
	2. dressed?
	3. to music?
	4. dinner?

**4 Uzupełnij zdania poprawnymi przyimkami.**

***0*** *It isn’t easy to bring* **up** *children.*

1. I’m thinking of asking Beth on a date.
2. I’m looking to meeting your parents.
3. Chris and Emma have fallen again.
4. We had an argument but we’ve made again.
5. Hurry up and get ready bed.